

KERALA AGRICULTURAL UNIVERSITY

B. Sc. (Hons.) Ag. 2017 Admission II Semester Final Examination-July-2018

Fundamentals of Extension Education and Rural Development (2+1) E**xtn.1203** Marks: 50 Time: 2 hours (10x1=10)Fill in the blanks I Seeing is believing'; 'Learning by doing' are the two important principles adopted in ------1 Non formal Education is ----- centered. 2 and ----- are the foremost characteristics of formal education. 3 -----committee report identified three phases of Panchayat raj in India. 4 High yielding variety programme was launched in the year 5 'Single line of command' is one of the features of -----6 Farmer -First (FF) model was developed by ------7 State True or False The Netherlands adopted cost recovery from farmers is an example for Private Extension 8 IADP adopted single purpose approach to increase agricultural production. **Expand** NIRD. 10 a **PURA** (5x2=10)Write Short notes on ANY FIVE of the following II · Distinguish Formal Education Vs Non-formal Education 1 Challenges of market led extension 2 e-Choupals 3 High Yielding Variety Programme Integrated Rural Development Programme(IRDP) Institution Village Linkage Programme(IVLP) 6 Expert system Answer ANY FIVE of the following (5x4=20)III What do you mean by participatory approach? Explain any two PRA techniques. 1 2 Give brief account on NATP "Agricultural Technology Information Centre (ATIC) adopting single window approach"-3 Explain in detail any two Women development programmes in India 4 Write a detailed account on agri-portal. 5 Write briefly the objectives of any two important poverty alleviation programmes. 6 Evaluate the features of Public Extension Vs Private Extension 7 Write an essay on ANY ONE of the following (1x10=10)IV Write an essay on Democratic Decentralization 1 Give brief account on Private Extension initiatives in India 2
