

KERALA AGRICULTURAL UNIVERSITY B.Sc. (Hons.) C&B 2015 Admission

VI Semester Final Examination- June -2018

Agri-business Project Management (2+1)

Marks: 50 Time: 2 hours (10x1=10)

Match the following I

> Part A Critical Path Method (CPM)

Programme Evaluation Review Technique (PERT)

Net Present Value (NPV)

∠ Benefit – Cost technique (B:C)

Cash inflow

Part B

Should be greater than one a

b Costs

Probabilistic model С

Deterministic model d

Should be greater than zero

Returns f

State True or False

Economic analysis of a project considers benefits and costs associated with the enterprise. 6

Payback period considers cashflows during the entire economic life of the project.

Gantt chart helps to monitor an ongoing project, whether the project is on schedule or not. 8

Project scheduling is a formal approved document defining the project milestones, activities, 9 duration and deliverables.

Sensitivity analysis is also termed as 'What if analysis'. 10

Write Short notes on any FIVE of the following II

(5x2=10)

Difference between opportunity studies and prefeasibility studies of a project. 1

Explain spillover effect with suitable examples

What are the various types of risks in a project 3

Distinguish forward and backward pass in network diagrams

How is the project risk, accounted through sensitivity analysis

Project format

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IV

Project scheduling

Answer any FIVE of the following.

(5x4=20)

- Explain the characteristics of a project Ì
- Narrate the concept of project cycle 2
- Explain the rules for drawing PERT diagram

Components of cashflows in an agribusiness project.

Production chain linkages of agro-industrial projects.

6 Macro policy linkages in systems approach to agro-industrial projects

Explain the major differences between Little- Mirrlees and UNIDO approach to project management

Write an essay on any ONE of the following

(1x10=10)

Techniques of financial appraisal of agribusiness projects

Network techniques for scheduling and monitoring projects ******