KERALA AGRICULTURAL UNIVERSITY

1	B.Sc. (Ag) 2004 Admission IV Semester Final	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH
0	December 2006	2004-
	bgn-2201	
	lementary crop physiology (2+1)	Max. Marks: 60 Time: 2½ hours
I. Obje	ective type questions	
Fill up	the blanks	(10X 0.5: 5.0)
1.	Thylakoids are found in	
2.	The initial stage of plasmolysis is called as	
3.	Transpiration pull is the main force behindabsorption	on of water.
4.	is the first step in absorption of mineral salts by	plant.
5.	of cauliflower caused by the deficiency of Mo.	.,
6.	Photolysis of water in photosynthesis requires the presence of	Mn and
7.	Dimorphic chloroplasts are found in the leaves ofplan	its.
8.	Beta oxidation of fatty acids takes place in mitochondria and	
9. 10.	The RQ value is less than one, when the respiratory substratescalled as necessary evil.	arc
		(5X 0.5: 2.5)
	True or False The precursor for auxin synthesis in plants is proline.	
1.	Middle lamella chiefly consists of calcium pectate	
3.	The specific heat 1g pure water is 8368 joules.	
4.	Casparian strips are found in endodermal cells of roots.	
5.	Chlorosis of leaves due to S deficiency begins first in young le	eaves.
		(5X0.5: 2.5)
Choos	e the correct one	(SAUS, MA)
1.	Magnesium is an important component of	
	a Chlorophyll	
	b. Cytochrome	
	c. Phaeophytin	
	d. All	
2.		
	a. Q scheme	
	b. S scheme	The same of the sa
	c. Z scheme d. None	
3.		
5.	a Mitochondria	
	b. Chloroplast	
	c. Cytosol	
	d. All	
4.	Which one of the following is not a phospholipid?	
	a. Lecithin	
	b. Cephalin	
	c. Cardiolipin	
	d. None	
5.	The net gain of ATP molecules in oxidation of one molecule	of glucose in glycolysis is
	a. 1	Sougalise.
	b. 2	officer ife Academic matter
		College of Hertichture
	d. 4	Vellanikkara - 680 654

II. Questions for short answers

(14x1:14)

in this section with only 12 greaters are given

1. Differentiate growth promoter and growth retardant.

2. What is respiratory quotient?

3. Write a note on Emerson's enhancement effect.

4. Define photophosphorylation.

- 5. Differentiate chlorophyll a and chlorophyll b.
- 6. What is meant by transpiration pull?
- 7. Define permanent wilting point.

8. Write a note on DPD.

- 9. Differentiate osmosis and diffusion.
- 10. What is Hill reaction?
- 11. What is meant by Brownian movement.?

12. What is passive absorption?

III. Questions for short notes (Answer any eight)

(8 x 2: 16)

- 1. Write the importance Kreb's cycle.
- 2. Brief physiological dryness and wilting coefficienct.
- 3. Differentiate α and β oxidation.
- 4. Differentiate cyclic and non cyclic photophosporylation.
- Write a short note on light reaction in photosynthesis.
- 6. Write the mechanism of salt uptake in plants.
- 7. Write the role of stomata in transpiration.
- 8. Brief the symptoms of Zn and B deficiency in plant
- 9. Write physiological functions of gibberellins.
- 10. Describe the structure of mitochondria

IV. Short Essays (Answer any five).

(5X4: 20)

- 1. Write a detailed account of glycolysis.
- What is water potential? Explain its components and write short notes on plasmolysis and and DPD.

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- 3. Explain the process of absorption of water and the factors involved.
- Give a brief account of the transpiration process and discuss the factors that influence transpiration.
- 5. Explain the role of essential elements in plant nutrition.
- 6. Describe cyclic and non cyclic electron transport and photophosphorylation.

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