## KERALA AGRICULTURAL UNIVERSITY

B.Sc.Hons. (Ag) 2008 Admission II Semester Final Examination September 2009

Extn 1201 Max. Marks:80 Sociology and Psychology as applied to Agri. Extension (2+0) Time: 2 hours

I.a) Fill up the blanks  $(20 \times .5 = 10)$ 

- The term 'sociology' is derived from the Latin word 'socius' meaning '-----'. 1.
- Teaching is the process of providing situation in which ----- takes place.
- 3. ----- are the socially acceptable ways of behaviour, the customary norms of society that donot imply moral sections.
- 4. ----is the production of desirable changes in human behaviour.
- 5. ----is the tendency of a man to consider his own culture as superior to all others.
- 6. Social mobility includes both territorial mobility as well as -----.
- b) State true or false
- 7. Socialisation is the process by which an individual is conducted into his social and cultural
- Any one aspect or characteristic of a person is referred to as a Personality trait.
- Goal directed behaviour is called as motivation
- Choose the correct answer Match the following
  - 10. ----is referred to as Father of Sociology
    - a) Auguste Comte b) A.R. Desai
  - c) J.P. Chitambar
  - 11. The gap between 'what is' and 'what ought to' be is called as
    - a) Desire b) Need c) Wants.
  - 12. It is based on kinship such as family
    - a) Voluntary group b) Delegate group c) Involuntary group.
  - 13. The alterations in the structure and functions of society are called as
    - a) Social institution b) Social control c) Social change.
  - 14. This is the state of being stirred up or aroused in some way which involve feelings
    - a) Emotions b) Interest c) Tension.
  - 15. This is the ability of an individual to influence a group of people
    - a) Leader b) Leadership c) Supervisor.
- d) Match the following

## **Books**

- 16. Rural sociology in India
- 17. Introductory Rural Sociology
- 18. Extension Education
- 19. Education and Communication for Development
- 20. An introduction to social Psychology

## II. Write answers in a word or sentence/Define

- 1. Define Rural Sociology.
- 2. Define 'Group'.
- 3. Define 'culture'.
- 4. Define 'Leadership'.
- 5. Define 'Educational Psychology'.
- Define 'Organization'.
- 7. Define Agricultural Extension.
- What do you mean by 'Social change'?
- What do you mean by 'values'?
- 10. What do you mean by 'Learning experience'?

## Authors

- A.R. Desai-A
- B. Kuppuswamy B
- J.P. Chitambar-C
- O.P. Dahama and O.P. Bhatnagar-D
- A. Adivi Reddy-E

 $(10 \times 1 = 10)$ 

Write short notes/answers (any ten) III.

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$ 

- Write a note about social stratification. 1.
- 2. Primary group and secondary group.
- 3. Mores and Taboos.
- Types of social values. 4.
- What are the means of social control?
- Types of organizations.
- Types of leadership. 7.
- Limitations in use of local leaders in Agricultural Extension. 8.
- What is Intelligence Quotient? 9.
- 10. Characters of culture.
- 11. Principles of adult learning.
- 12. What do you mean by 'Gender Analysis'?

Write short essays on the following (any FOUR) ( $4 \times 5 = 20$ ) IV.

- Discuss the significance of 'Rural Sociology' in Agricultural Extension. 1.
- Explain very briefly about the major rural social institutions. 2.
- List out the various factors of social change. 3.
- Enumerate the various rural social problems. 4.
- Write down the types of personality and explain the factors influencing personality.
- Enumerate the functions of leaders. 6.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20)$ 

- Write essays (any two) V.
  - Write down the differences and relationship between rural and urban societies. 1.
  - Explain the various methods of selection of professional and lay leaders. 2.
  - Diagrammatically present the 'learning situation'. 3.