## KERALA AGRICULTURAL UNIVERSITY

B.Sc (Hons.) Agriculture 2015 Admission III<sup>rd</sup> Semester Final Examination-February-2017

Marks: 50.00

Cat. N	o: Agro.2105	Marks: 50.00
	Field Crops I (2+1)	Time: 2 hours
Fill :	on the blanks/True or False	(10x1=10)
1	The two type of rice roots are and roots.	
2.	The optimum temperature for germination of wheat is between	and°C
3.	Duration of lesser yam (Var. Sree Latha) is	
4.	Fertilizer dose of colocasia is kg N:P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> :K <sub>2</sub> O/ha	
5.	Maize crop grown for fodder should be harvested at the	
6	Pest and disease incidence is low in lowland rice when compared to	upland rice.
7.	Atrazine is a post-emergence herbicide recommended for maize to	o control BLW and
	grasses.	
8.	Seed rate of potato is 1000 – 1500 kg/ha.	
	Botanical name for congo signal grass is Brachiaria ruziziensis.	
10.	Pusachari 9 is a fodder sorghum variety.	
•		(= 0 40)
	ite short notes/answers on any FIVE of the following	(5x2=10)
1.	Write the economic importance of rice.	
2.	Write the weed management practice recommended for maize.	1 C 1 11114
	Define seed hardening. Give an example of seed hardening chemica	l for peal millet.
4.	Sorghum poisoning	
5.	Briefly write the geographic distribution of tapioca.	
6.	Write the economic importance of major tuber crops.	
7.	Write down the soil and climatic requirements of Xanthosoma.	
		(5x4=20)
III W	Vrite short answers on any FIVE	(324-20)
	System Rice Intensification (SRI)	
2.	Harvesting and processing of wheat.	
	Classification of maize based on the characteristics of kernals.	
	Cultivation details of potato.	
	Minor tuber crops	
	Pasture management	
7.	Classification of fodder crops.	
rv v	Vrite essay on any ONE	(1x10=10)
	Importance of tuber crops and agro-techniques of tapioca.	
j.	Importance of forage crops and preservation technologies of forage	crops.
2. Importance of forage crops and provide a construction of the co		
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