Pbgn. 3104

KERALA AGRICULTURAL UNIVERSITY<br>B.Sc. (Hons.) Ag. 2015 Admission<br>V Semester Final Examination-March-2018<br>Breeding of Crops (2+1)

Marks: 50
Time: 2 hours
I Fill in the blanks
(10x1=10)
1 The two cultivated species of rice are and $\qquad$
2 Dwarfing gene in wheat is $\qquad$
$\qquad$
4 Emmer wheat cultivated in south India is botanically called as $\qquad$
5 ICRISAT is located in $\qquad$

## State True or False

6 Centre of origin of crop plants suggested by Vavilov did not cover Australia.
7 In bajra, protandry is responsible for cross pollination.
8 Top cross is a cross between two open pollinated varieties.
9 Copy right gives protection for 15 years.
10 In back cross breeding for disease resistance, recipient parent is used as recurrent parent.

## Write Short notes on ANY FIVE of the following

(5x2=10)
1 What is two line breeding?
2 What is unpredictable legume? Why is it so called?
3 Explain any three lint quality parameters of cotton.
4 Brief 'Hardy - Weinberg law'.
5 How red gram differs from cultivated Vigna group of plants in terms of flowering habit, duration and mode of pollination?
6 Mention any three cucurbit vegetables with their botanical names and mode of pollination.
7 Name any three popular varieties of pepper along with their special characters.

Answer ANY FIVE of the following
(5x4=20)
1 Discuss the breeding methods of tomato.
2 What is distant hybridization? How is it useful in crop improvement? Give two examples.
3 Discuss the breeding methods of papaya.
4 Write the classification of cowpea. What are the desirable qualities of vegetable cowpea?
5 Discuss the current status of hybrid rice in India.
6 Explain the activities of NBPGR.
7 Discuss the Farmers' rights envisaged in PPV \& FR Act, 2001.

Write an essay on ANY ONE of the following
1 What is heterosis breeding? What are the theories explaining heterosis? How is heterosis exploited in maize and tomato? Discuss the breeding objectives and breeding methods of any four major flower crops.

