



KERALA AGRICULTURAL UNIVERSITY

B.Sc. (Hons.) Forestry 2017 Admission

I Semester Final Examination-March-2018

Bass.1104

Basic Economics (1+0)

Marks: 50
Time: 2 hours

I Fill in the blanks

(10x1=10)

- 1 Lionel Robbins definition of economics is known as
- 2 refers to the creation of wealth
- 3 Good and service that has no price is called

Match the following

- | | |
|--|-----------------------------|
| 4 Arc Method | a Bungalow |
| 5 $\frac{MU_x}{P_x} = \frac{MU_y}{P_y} = MU_m$ | b Measurement of elasticity |
| 6 Luxury Goods | c Equi-marginal utility |

State True or False

- 7 Inflation is defined as an increase in the average level of prices
- 8 The produced means of further production is called as organization

Define the following

- 9 Isoquant
- 10 Utility

II Write Short notes on ANY FIVE of the following

(5x2=10)

- 1 Brief the circular flow of money
- 2 What are the characteristics of human wants
- 3 Write the assumptions of law of diminishing marginal utility
- 4 Increases and decreases in demand- Diagrammatically explain the concept
- 5 Define elasticity of demand and list out the types of elasticity of demand
- 6 Land and its characteristics – discuss
- 7 Brief the Malthusian theory of population

III Answer ANY FIVE of the following

(5x4=20)

- 1 Explain the traditional approach to study of economics
- 2 Explain the different types of human wants
- 3 Define law of equi-marginal utility. Explain how the consumer attains maximum satisfaction.
- 4 Define consumer surplus and explain the measurement of consumer surplus. Brief the importance of consumer surplus.
- 5 Explain the law of supply with an example and state the factors determining supply
- 6 Explain the different forms of business organization
- 7 Elucidate the causes and control measures of inflation

IV Write an Essay on ANY ONE of the following

(1x10=10)

- 1 Explain how the consumer attains equilibrium through cardinal utility analysis with assumptions and graphical illustrations. Write the limitations and practical application.
- 2 Define production. Explain any three factors of production in detail.
