



**KERALA AGRICULTURAL UNIVERSITY**  
**B.Sc. (Hons.) C&B – 2017 Admission**  
**I Semester Final Examination-February-2018**

Stat.1101

**Business Mathematics (2+1)**

**Marks: 50**  
**Time: 2 hours**  
**(10x1=10)**

**I Fill in the blanks**

- 1 If 4, x, 9 are in Geometric Progression then the value of x is -----
- ✓ Sum of squares of first 'n' natural numbers is -----
- 3 If all terms of an AP are multiplied by the same quantity the resulting sequence is in -----
- ✓ A square matrix is said to be singular if its determinant is -----
- 5  $\text{Log}_a (MN) = \text{-----}$
- ✓ The area included between the curve  $y = f(x)$ , the x-axis and the ordinates  $x = a$  and  $x = b$  -----
- ⑦ Rate of change of 'y' with respect to time 't' is -----
- 8 If  $x = at^2$  and  $y = 2at$  then  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \text{-----}$
- ✓ The product of the matrix A and its inverse is -----
- ✓ Derivative of  $\log x = \text{-----}$

**II Answer ANY FIVE of the following**

**(5x2=10)**

- 1 Find the sum of  $6 + 9 + 12 + \dots + 30$
- ✓ Find the 12<sup>th</sup> term of series 4, 12, 36, ...
- ✓ Distinguish between singular and non singular matrix
- ④ Distinguish between symmetric and skew symmetric matrices
- ✓ Define inverse of a matrix. Write down the steps to find the inverse of a matrix of order 2
- ✓ Write down the product rule of differentiation
- 7  $x = 16t + 5t^2$  find  $\frac{d^2x}{dt^2}$ .

**III Answer ANY FIVE of the following**

**(5x4=20)**

- ✓ Write any four properties of determinant

2 Evaluate without expanding

$$\begin{vmatrix} a & a+b & a+b+c \\ 2a & 3a+2b & 4a+3b+2c \\ 3a & 6a+3b & 10a+6b+3c \end{vmatrix}$$

**P T O**

3 The cost function  $C$  of manufacturing a certain article is given by the formula

$$C = 5 + \frac{48}{x} + 3x^2$$

where  $x$  is the number of articles manufactured. Find minimum value of  $C$ .

✓ State the rule of integration by parts and use this rule to evaluate  $\int x e^x dx$

5 Evaluate  $\int \left[ \sqrt{x} - \frac{2}{3} x^{1/3} \right] dx$

6 If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$  find  $2A + 3B$  and  $3A - 2B$ .

7 If  $\begin{bmatrix} x - y & 2x + 3 \\ 2z - y & 3z + w \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 5 \\ 0 & 13 \end{bmatrix}$  find  $x, y, z$  and  $w$ .

IV Answer ANY ONE of the following

(1x10=10)

✓ 1 Solve the equations by matrix method

$$x + 2y - z = 3$$

$$3x - y + 2z = 1$$

$$2x - 2y + 3z = 2$$

2 Verify  $A \cdot (\text{Adj}(A)) = |A| \cdot I = (\text{Adj}(A)) \cdot A$  when  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 5 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$

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