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KERALA AGRICULTURAL UNIVERSITY B.Tech.(Agri. Engg) 2017 Admission IV Semester Final Examination- June 2019

Applied Electronics and Instrumentation (2+1)

Marks: 50 Time:2 hours

	Fill in the blanks. $(10x1=10)$
1	Resistance strain gauge is also known as gauges.
2	A power supply which has voltage regulation of 10% is power supply.
3	The high torque to weight ratio in an analog indicating instrument indicates lowloss.
4	In a transducer, the observed output deviates from the correct value by a constant factor
	the resulting error is called error.
5	In a semiconductor strain gauge, when strain is applied resistance increases in P
	type of materials.
6	Wagner's Earth devices are used in AC bridge circuits for eliminating effect of
7	The leakage current across a P-N junction is due to
8	The value of current gain in common base connection (α) of transistor isthan one.
9	amplifier amplifies the signal from 20 Hz to 20 KHz.
10	In a oscillator, the frequency determining elements are R and C.
	Write short notes on ANY FIVE of the following. (5x2=10)
1	Effect of temperature on barrier voltage.
2	Positive clamper circuit with neat diagram.
3	Working principle of thermister.
4	Series type Ohmmeter.
5	Working principle of magneto-strictive transducers.
6	List different types of filter circuit. Explain any one type of filter with neat circuit diagram.
7	Difference between sensors and transducers.
	Answer any FIVE of the following. (5x4=20)
1	Explain modified De sauty's Bridge with neat diagram.
2	Semiconductor strain gauges.
3	Capacitive transducers.
4	Full wave adder with neat diagram and truth table.
5	Operational amplifier as voltage regulator.
6	A transistor is connected in common emitter connection in which collector supply is 8 v
	and voltage drop across resistance rc connected in the collector circuit is 0.5 v. The value
	of Rc=80 ohm. If α=0.96. Determine collector emitter voltage and base current.
7	Construction working of Colpitts oscillator.
	Answer any ONE of the following $(1x10=10)$
1	Pyrometer. Explain construction working, advantages and disadvantages of optical pyrometer.
2	Explain operational amplifier as 1) Adder 2) Differentiator