## KERALA AGRICULTURAL UNIVERSITY

B.Sc (Hons.) Ag. 2012 Admission VI <sup>th</sup> Semester Final Examination-July/August 2015

Cat. No: Ento.3204 Time: 3 hours
Marks: 80
Title: Plant parasitic Nematodes other non Insect pests & their Management (1+1)

## I. Fill up the blanks

II.

knot nematode

10 x 1 = 10

1.	The first ever reported plant parasitic nematode was
2.	The subclass Acari consists of and
3.	In root knot nematodes the stage juveniles are infective
4.	Mites can be differentiated from ticks by the absence of present in the first tarsus.
5.	Plant parasitic nematodes acts as in the disease complex
6.	The body of a typical acarine consists of two main regions VIZ., and
7.	The commercially available bacterial nematode biocontrol agent is
8.	parrot cuts and feeds on many grains and fruits
9.	Give an example for a phytoseiid mite
10	is a carbamate granular nematicide widely used for nematode control.
Wri	ite short notes / answers etc. on any <u>TEN</u> 10 x 3 = 30
1	. Differentiate the stomato stylet and odonto stylets In nematodes.
2	. What are the cuticular structures of nematodes?
3	B. Differentiate Astigmata and Prostigmata
4	. What are the symptoms caused by plant parasitic nematodes?
	5. Differentiate Squirrels and Porcupines
6	

- 7. Give the Action of the following
  - a) Fenazaquin
- b) Carbofuran
- c) Zinc Phosphide
- 8. How will you manage Giant African Snail
- Write down the skeletal classification of plant parasitic nematodes up to family level.
- 10. What are predatory nematodes?
- 11. Enumerate Bird pests of fruits
- 12. Enumerate the biocontrol agents used to manage plant parasitic nematodes

## III. Write short essays on ANY SIX of the following

6 x 5 = 30

- Describe the Oesophagus of a typical plant parasitic nematode with suitable illustration and their types
- 2. Describe the biology of any sedentary endoparasitic nematode
- 3. Differentiate Eriophidae and Tetranychidae
- Describe the nature of damage and biology of brood mite on chilli. Suggest suitable acaricide for the control
- Describe the symptoms of damage, host range and management of migratory endoparasitic nematodes in high density multi species cropping system of Kerala
- 6. Briefly discuss the damage caused by vertebrate pest on crops
- Discuss Rodant management practices under Kerala Agro ecosystem conditions.
- 8. Describe the external morphology of mite with a neat diagram

## IV. Write essay on ANY ONE

1 x 10 = 10

- Nematode parasites associated with banana, symptoms of damage, their association with other organisms and management practices.
- List out the mite pests of fruit crops in Kerala. Describe the nature of damage s biology and management practices for any two